

$$\textcircled{10} \sqrt{(x-2)^2} = \sqrt{7}$$

$$x-2 = \pm \sqrt{7}$$

+2 +2

$$x = 2 \pm \sqrt{7}$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad 4x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(4)(-3)}}{8}$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 48}}{8}$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{52}}{8} = \frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{13}}{8} = \textcircled{\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{13}}{4}}$$

$$100(0.75x^2 - 0.3x + 0.03) = 0 \quad | \cdot 100$$

$$\frac{75x^2 - 30x + 3 = 0}{3} \quad \frac{3}{3}$$

$$25x^2 - 10x + 1 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow (5x - 1)^2 = 0$$

$$5x - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$30 \pm \sqrt{900 - 4(25)(3)}$$

$$\frac{30 \pm \sqrt{900 - 900}}{150}$$

$$\frac{30 \pm 0}{150}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad x^2 + 6x = 5$$

$$\quad \quad \quad -5 \quad -5$$

$$x^2 + 6x - 5 = 0$$

$$\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 4(1)(-5)}}{2}$$

$$\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 + 20}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{56}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm 2\sqrt{14}}{2} = \textcircled{-3 \pm \sqrt{14}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad x^2 - 8x + 1 = \frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{3}$$

$$\underline{x^2 - 8x - 2 = 0}$$

$$\underline{\frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2}}$$

$$\underline{\frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 + 8}}{2}}$$

$$\underline{\frac{8 \pm \sqrt{72}}{2}} = \frac{8 \pm 6\sqrt{2}}{2} = \textcircled{4 \pm 3\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{43} \quad 5x^2 + 19x = 4$$

$$\quad \quad \quad -4 \quad -4$$

$$\underline{5x^2 + 19x - 4 = 0}$$

$$\underline{\frac{-19 \pm \sqrt{361 - 4(5)(-4)}}{10}}$$

$$\underline{\frac{-19 \pm \sqrt{361 + 80}}{10}}$$

$$\underline{\frac{-19 \pm \sqrt{441}}{10}} = \frac{-19 \pm 21}{10}$$

$$\frac{10}{5}, -4$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad 2x^2 + 7x + 3 = 0$$

$$\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 4(2)(3)}}{4} \quad (2x+1)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}, -3$$

$$\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 24}}{4}$$

$$\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{25}}{4} = \frac{-7 \pm 5}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad 3x^2 = 2x + 7$$

$$3x^2 - 2x - 7 = 0$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(3)(-7)}}{6}$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 84}}{6}$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{88}}{6} = \frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{22}}{6} = \textcircled{\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{22}}{3}}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3} + \frac{3x}{4} \right) = (1)12$$

$$8x^2 + 9x = 12$$

$$8x^2 + 9x - 12 = 0$$

$$\frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 4(8)(-12)}}{16}$$

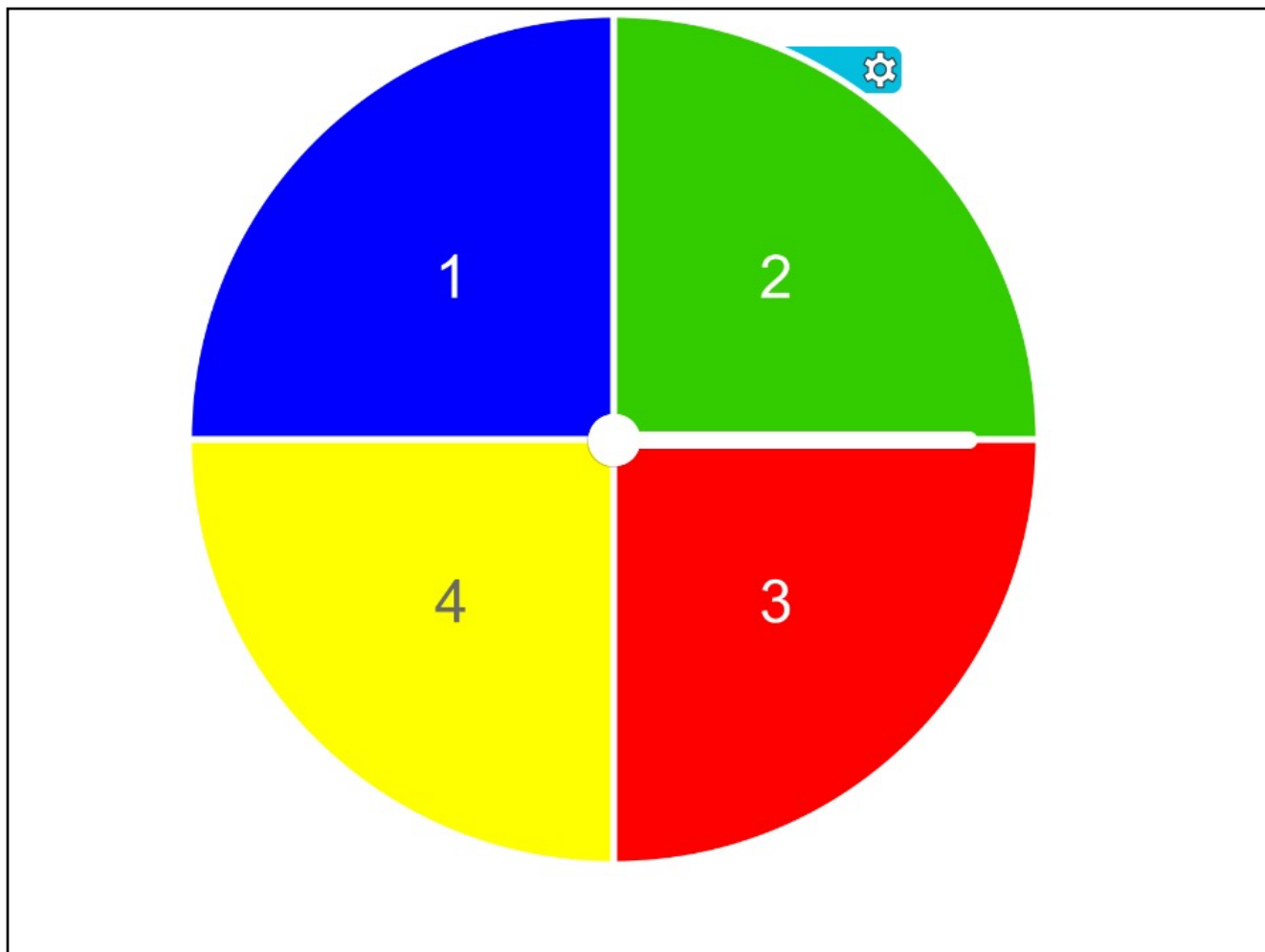
$$\frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{81 + 384}}{16} = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{465}}{16}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4 \left(\frac{(y+3)^2}{4} - (5) \right) 4$$

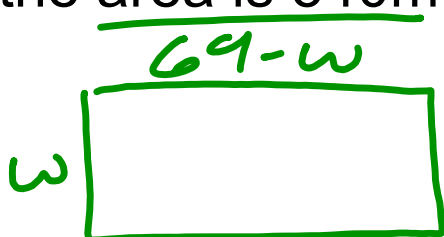
$$\sqrt{(y+3)^2} = \sqrt{20}$$

$$y+3 = \pm \sqrt{20}$$

$$y = -3 \pm \sqrt{20} = -3 \pm 2\sqrt{5}$$



The perimeter of a rectangular yard is 138m and the area is 540m^2 . What are the dimensions?



$$\begin{array}{r} 2w + 2l = 138 \\ -2w \qquad -2w \\ \hline 2l = 138 - 2w \\ \frac{2l}{2} = \frac{138 - 2w}{2} \\ l = 69 - w \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} w(69-w) = 540 \\ 69w - w^2 = 540 \\ -69w \quad +w^2 \quad -540 \\ \hline 0 = w^2 - 69w + 540 \\ 0 = (w-60)(w-9) \\ w = 60, 9 \end{array}$$

$$9\text{m} \times 60\text{m}$$

$$2n^2 + 9 = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -9 \quad -9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2n^2 = -5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \sqrt{2n^2} = \sqrt{-\frac{5}{2}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

no solution

$$\frac{3(k+4)^2}{3} = \frac{81}{3}$$

$$\sqrt{(k+4)^2} = \sqrt{27}$$

$$k+4 = \pm 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$-4 \quad -4$$

$$k = -4 \pm 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$e^2 + 6e + 9 = 64$$

$$\sqrt{(e+3)^2} = \sqrt{41}$$

$$e+3 = \pm 8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} e+3 = \pm 8 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline e = -3 \pm 8 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{5, -11}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -64 \quad -64 \\ \hline e^2 + 6e - 55 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$(e+11)(e-5) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{e = -11, 5}$$

How many real roots does the equation have?

$$10(3k^2 - 1.2k + 1.1) = 0$$

$$30k^2 - 12k + 11 = 0$$

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$144 - 4(30)(11)$$

$$144 - 1320$$

$$-1176$$

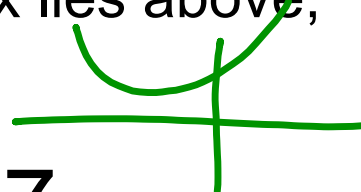
0 real roots

Without graphing, find the number of x-intercepts and whether the vertex lies above, below, or on the x-axis.

$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x + 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} &25 - 4(3)(7) \\ &25 - 84 \\ &-59 \end{aligned}$$

0 x-ints
above



The foundation of a house is 13m by 7m. If the builder increases each dimension by the same amount, the area of the foundation will increase to 135m^2 . Find the new dimensions.

Without graphing, find the number of x-intercepts and whether the vertex lies above, below, or on the x-axis.

$$g(x) = 7x - x^2 + 5$$

$$15x^2 - 7x = 0$$

$$3x^2 - 11x = 2$$

One number is two more than three times another. The sum of their squares is 212. Find the numbers.

How many real roots does the equation have?

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)b^2 - b - 3 = 0$$

$$n^2 + n/2 = 5$$

$$4f^2 - 18f = 10$$

